# **WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE**

## **2022 REGULAR SESSION**

### Introduced

## Senate Bill 599

BY SENATORS MAYNARD AND RUCKER

[Introduced February 09, 2022; referred to the Committee on Health and Human Resources; and then to the Committee on the Judiciary]

Intr SB 599 2022R2561

A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia,1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new article,
designated §16-3E-1, §16-3E-2, §16-3E-3, §16-3E-4, §16-3E-5, and §16-3E-6, all relating
to informed consent for vaccinations; providing a short title; defining terms; prohibiting
discrimination against patients for declining or delaying vaccines; establishing prohibited
activities; creating rights for patients; and establishing monetary penalties and revocation
of licensure for violations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### ARTICLE 3E. INFORMED CONSENT FOR VACCINATIONS.

#### §16-3E-1. Short title.

- 1 This article shall be known and may be cited as the Informed Consent for Vaccinations
- 2 Protection Act.

#### §16-3E-2. Definitions.

- 1 <u>As used in this article:</u>
- 2 "Department" means the Department of Health and Human Resources;
- 3 "Emergency medical services provider" means that term as defined in §16-4C-3 of this
- 4 code;
- 5 "Health care facility" means this term as defined in §16-2D-2 of this code;
- 6 <u>"Health care practitioner" means that term as defined in §16-1A-3 of this code;</u>
- 7 "Informed consent" means the right of all people to be fully informed about the risks and
- 8 benefits of a medical intervention and free to make a voluntary decision on that intervention
- 9 without being coerced, threatened, or punished for the decision; and
- 10 "License" means a health care practitioner license issued by the Department of Health
- and Human Resources or a health care facility license issued by the Department of Health and
- 12 <u>Human Resources.</u>

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#### §16-3E-3. Vaccination nondiscrimination.

(a) Prohibition against discrimination. -- A health care practitioner or a health care facility

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may not discriminate against a patient or parent or guardian of a patient based solely upon a patient or parent or guardian of a patient choosing to delay or decline a vaccination. Exercising the right to informed consent by delaying or declining vaccinations under this article may not be the reason for a patient or family member of a patient to be dismissed from a practice or lose medical privileges or benefits.

(b) Prohibition against harassment. -- A health care practitioner or health care facility may not harass, coerce, scold or threaten a patient or parent or guardian of a patient for exercising the right to delay or decline a vaccination under this article. This provision does not prohibit the health care practitioner or health care facility from providing vaccine related information to the patient or parent or guardian of a patient.

(c) Health insurer. -- An insurer issuing any type of insurance policy may not deny coverage, increase a premium or otherwise discriminate against an insured or applicant for insurance based on the individual's choice to delay or decline a vaccination for the individual or the individual's child.

#### §16-3E-4. Prohibited activities.

- (a) Limitation on payments. -- A health care practitioner or health care facility may not accept a monetary payment in the form of a bonus or other incentive from an insurance company or pharmaceutical company for patient vaccination.
- (b) Requiring a waiver prohibited. -- A health care practitioner or health care facility may not require a patient or parent or guardian of a patient to sign a liability waiver as a condition to receive medical care in the event the patient or parent or guardian of a patient chooses to delay or decline a vaccination.
- (c) Investigations by child protective services. -- Child protective services may not initiate
  an investigation against a parent or guardian for the sole reason of a parent or guardian choosing
  to delay or decline a vaccination for a child of the parent or guardian under this article.
  - (d) Health care providers. -- An insurer may not deny a health care practitioner's

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participation in an insurance plan or decrease the practitioner's reimbursements through fines or financial penalties due to low patient vaccination rates or due to a practitioner's decision not to vaccinate a patient.

#### §16-3E-5. Penalty.

- For violations under §16-3E-3 and §16-3E-4 of this code, the appropriate board or the department may:
- 3 (1) For a first violation, levy a fine in the amount of \$1,000; and
- 4 (2) For a second or subsequent violation, refuse, revoke or suspend the license of a health care practitioner or health care facility.

### §16-3E-6. Rights of patients.

- 1 (a) Summary of rights. -- The department shall publish on the department's publicly
  2 accessible Internet website a summary of the rights of a patient or parents or guardians of a
- 3 patient under §16-3E-3 of this code, in any format the health care provider or health care facility
- 4 chooses.
- 5 (b) Complaints. -- A health care provider and health care facility, if requested, shall inform
- 6 patients of the address and telephone number of each state agency responsible for responding
- 7 <u>to patient complaints about a health care provider or health care facility's alleged noncompliance</u>
- 8 with this article.
- 9 (c) Procedure for providing information on patient rights. -- A health care provider or facility
- 10 <u>shall adopt policies and procedures to ensure that a patient and the parent or quardian of a patient</u>
- 11 are provided the opportunity during the course of admission to receive information regarding the
- 12 rights contained in §16-3E-3 of this code and how to file complaints with the facility and
- 13 <u>appropriate state agency.</u>
- 14 (d) Fines. -- The following shall apply:
- 15 (1) The department may levy the following fines for a violation under this article:
- 16 (i) Not more than \$5,000 for an unintentional violation; and

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17	(ii) Not more than \$25,000 for an intentional violation, with each intentional violation
18	constituting a separate violation subject to a separate fine.
19	(2) The appropriate regulatory board or, if no board exists, the department may impose an
20	administrative fine against a health care practitioner for failing to make available to patients a
21	summary of their rights under §16-3E-3 of this code and the following shall apply:
22	(i) A health care provider's first violation under this paragraph shall be subject to corrective
23	action and shall not be subject to an administrative fine if the violation was unintentional;
24	(ii) The appropriate licensing board or the department may levy a fine of not more than
25	\$100 for a second or subsequent unintentional violation under this subsection; and
26	(iii) The appropriate licensing board or the department may levy a fine of not more than
27	\$500 for an intentional violation under this subsection, with each intentional violation constituting
28	a separate violation subject to a separate fine.
29	(e) Determination of fine In determining the amount of fine to be levied under subsection
30	(d) of this section, the following factors shall be considered:
31	(1) The scope and severity of the violation, including the number of patients or parents or
32	guardians of patients found not to have received notice of a patient's rights under §16-3E-3 of this
33	code, and whether the failure to provide the information to patients was willful;
34	(2) Actions taken by the health care provider or health care facility to correct violations or
35	to remedy complaints; and
36	(3) Any previous violations under this article by a health care provider or health care
37	facility.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to enact an informed consent for vaccinations law.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.